

# The Indianapolis Sentinel.

VOL. XXXIV--NO. 128.

INDIANAPOLIS, FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 8, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 10,192.

## WHEN INDICATIONS.

FOR FRIDAY.—Generally fair weather; northwesterly wind; slightly cooler, except in extreme northwest portion; stationary temperature; higher barometer.

The season draweth nigh when that small boy will require the annual supply of Shirt Waist. With the advent of warm days the coat is laid aside and the youth of tender years enabled, since the introduction of Star Shirt Waists, to appear in habiliments that conform to sultry weather. At no place in Indiana is there such a display as may be found at the

## WHEN Clothing Store.

**Richmond** CIGARETTE Smokers who are willing to pay a little more for Cigarettes than the price charged for the ordinary trade Cigarettes will find the **Richmond** Cigarette Cut No. 1 SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS. They are made from the finest tobacco, most delicately flavored, and highest cost Gold Leaf grown in Virginia, and are absolutely without adulteration or drugs. We use the GENUINE FRENCH RICE

## Straight Cut NO. 1

PAPER of our own direct importation, which is made especially for us, is marked with the name of the brand, **Richmond** Cigarette Cut No. 1, on each cigarette, without which none are genuine. IMITATIONS of this brand have been put on sale, and cigarette smokers are cautioned that this is the OLD and ORIGINAL brand, and to observe that each package or box of

Richmond Straight Cut Cigarettes bear the signature of

**Allen & Ginter,** MANUFACTURERS, RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

## BORN & CO.

Furniture, Stoves, Carpets, Weekiv and Monthly Payments 97 East Washington St.

## August Erbrich,

SOLE AGENT FOR

## AURORA

LAGER BEER.

In Kegs and Bottles. 220 and 222 South Delaware St.

## Best Boiler Scale Purgative.

TO TRY IT IS TO USE NO OTHER. J. P. SHILTON & PEASE, Office 31 Thorne Block, for sale. The SENTINEL boiler uses this article.

## THREE TIMES

Already this season has our buyer been compelled to go to our Rochester factory to fill up on many lines of Spring Goods, and to bring out the Latest Novelties for Summer Wear.

Every one knows that our goods are better made, better trimmed and fit better than those found anywhere else in this State, while our prices are guaranteed to be at least 25 per cent. below all competitors.

No old stock will be found in our house. We know the wants of this community, and manufacture a class of goods specially adapted to meet these wants. Manufacturing our own Clothing, and buying all our Furnishing Goods and Hats and Caps direct from first hands, we save you the manufacturer's or jobber's profit, and always give you a first-class article.

WATCH our advertisement from day to day, and look out for special bargains at the

## MODEL.

Clothiers, Furnishers and Hatters.

## GENERAL NEWS.

Indians in Washington Resigned and Quiet—Many Appointments of Postmasters and Others.

The Police Confident They Have Solved the Trunk Mystery—Grant's Condition.

### WASHINGTON NOTES.

The Kind of Men That Succeed—Personal.

Special to the Sentinel.  
WASHINGTON, May 7.—At no time since the inauguration of Mr. Cleveland has the number of Indians in this city been larger than at present, yet they are a tranquil people, many of them completely resigned to go without recognition and resume the ordinary affairs of life. I will mention but few names for the reason that so many have requested me: "Do not write that I am here. I ought to be at home and will go in a few days. My business at Washington is of no public importance."

The most active and skillful people are those already in position and bent upon retaining it. They seem to know exactly what to do and when to do it. Long experience has given them to know the full force of personal service, and they work it well. Promotion here greatly resembles promotion in the army. All this talk about going into ranks and fighting your way up, according to my observation, is a fiction. Soldiers were not advanced for phenomenal courage or military aptitude. The man who achieved a commission "for bravery on the field" always happened to be highly impressed with his Captain's grandeur and addicted to grooming his Colonel's horse. Valor was, of course, necessary, but without a certain desire to shine in a reflected light, to be revealed in the diamond brilliancy of a superior officer, the bravery of an uncaged Nemurian lion, was as nothing. I have seen officers running like Texas cattle in a stampede, and men, private soldiers, far behind, almost grasping with the enemy—determined to conquer or die. There was manifested by Indians, on the battle-field of Champion Hill, both cowardice and bravery. Yet I know no man cashiered for one or promoted exclusively for the other.

A gentleman of long classical experience in one of the departments said last night to Hendricks, in my hearing: "Competence is nothing! Competence alone never led to the advancement of a clerk. There are rings within rings, and everything goes by social favor in opposition offices."

Distance lends enchantment to the view. Do you contemplate coming here young man? From the solitude of my cell I would urge don't do it. The training of a subordinate place in one of those departments never conduces to the development of a useful man in the wide world. Hundreds are daily turning sadly away, but the disappointed are frequently more fortunate than the accepted. Many things for which we struggle, once secured, turn to dead sea fruit on our lips; the things we combat, overcoming as often proves blessings.

Cardinal Wooley, in his old age, deplored not having served his God as he had served his King. The favor and affection of a statesman is an insecure thing upon which to build, and the people appointed to positions here do not turn out well. Go to work, go to the country, go West, but don't come to Washington asking an engagement. There is nothing in the real condition of the men who have been here for years in subordinate places to encourage immigration.

Mr. Hendricks, over-worked, goes to the sea shore, and hopes to return restored on Sunday afternoon.

Judge Holman is preparing for his Western tour, which will carry him over much of the public domain. It is a visit to the Indians. His committee will no doubt find the wily and crafty parade.

There is no disposition on the part of the Indians delegation to break with the administration on the subject of patronage. Judge Holman in my presence has said emphatically that Mr. Cleveland is proceeding as wisely as prudence will admit.

Secretary Vilas has come to regard Postmaster Jones as a wise appointment.

Internal Revenue Collector received the congratulations of the Hoosiers on the floor at Willard's last evening, and bowed to the less fortunate with great urbanity. A Hoosier officially fixed is a spectacle that makes me gird.

### NEWS OF NATIONAL INTEREST.

Presidential Postmasters Appointed—Other Appointments and Happenings—Resignations, Etc.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The President to-day appointed the following Presidential Postmasters: Charles C. Peck, Middlebury, Vt., vice George Hammond, commission expired; Frank M. Rogers, Norwich, N. Y., vice J. K. Spaulding, resigned; George Donnelly, Waterloo, N. Y., vice Luke Johnson, commission expired; Henry S. Bener, Gettysburg, Pa., vice J. M. Krouth, commission expired; J. Parker Vessey, Baltimore, Md., vice Harrison Adreon, commission expired; G. W. Thomas, Canton, Miss., vice F. B. Pratt, commission expired; R. E. Haire, San Angelo, Tex., vice William E. Ellis, resigned; Watson W. Forney, Leetonia, O., vice M. E. Taggart, commission expired; J. C. Carleton, Bedford, Ind., vice Henry Davis, commission expired; James R. Rakekin, Shevond, Pa., vice H. P. Duffield, resigned; Eli Hodge Columbia, Mo., vice H. N. Cook, commission expired; Jonathan N. Wise, Plattsmouth, Neb., vice J. W. Marshall, resigned; S. W. Hobbs, Storm Lake, Iowa, vice W. S. Vestal, suspended.

Nelson I. Acers has been appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the District of Kansas. Vice John C. Carpenter, suspended, and Eugene P. Sykes has been ap-

pointed Collector for the District of Mississippi, vice James Hill, suspended.

J. E. Oberlin, Chief of the special agents of the Treasury Department, recently removed by Secretary Manning, has been appointed a Special Inspector of Customs. He is temporarily on duty at Baltimore.

The Secretary of the Interior has submitted to the President for his approval the assignments of lands made to the Indians on the Santee Sioux reservation, Nebraska. There are about 800 such assignments, each for eighty acres of land, except in cases where the Indians took up homesteads under the treaty of 1868, which entitles them to 100 acres. This reservation was opened to settlement by order of President Arthur on February 9 last, and statements may be made after the 15th inst. Under the order 42,000 acres of fine land will be restored to the public domain.

David V. Stephenson, Surveyor General for Nebraska and Iowa, has resigned. The President has appointed Junior Lieutenant Robert H. McLean, who has been three times before the Naval Examining Board and once before the Retiring Board. J. M. Rice, of Austin, Ill., has been awarded the contract for the stone and brick work of the new structure of the Jefferson City, Mo., public building, \$44,000.

Ex Senator Blanch K. Bruce, Register of the Treasury, has tendered his resignation. It is reported that the resignation was requested.

Secretary Manning has directed that the issue of one and two dollar notes be discontinued for the time being.

The Comptroller of the Currency has declared a dividend of 30 per cent. in favor of the creditors of the Logan National Bank, of West Liberty, O.

### THE TRUNK MYSTERY.

Body of the Victim Examined and Fully Identified—The Man Who Checked the Trunk Identified and Arrested.

PITTSBURGH, May 7.—The body of the man shipped from Chicago to this city in a trunk last week was exhumed to-day and positively identified by Francesco Corso as the remains of his brother Philippo. Francesco is of the opinion that Philippo was murdered by a countryman named Augustus Gilardo, who was preparing to go to Italy. Gilardo imported him for a sufficient amount to pay his passage over. The murdered man was last seen in company with Gilardo, and Corso and Francesco think he was chloroformed and then strangled by hand. Detective Bonfield, of Chicago, left for New York this afternoon to head off Gilardo and Corso went back to Chicago to secure the arrest of the accomplices there.

NEW YORK, May 7.—Police Inspector Byrnes on Tuesday received a dispatch from Chief Doyle, of Chicago, stating that the Italian, Augustus Gilardo, was arrested with the murder of the man found in the trunk at Pittsburgh, had come to New York. A description of Jurado was given, and Detective Sergeant Perazzo and Tessaro found him hidden at 145 Wooster street the same night. The prisoner was taken to police headquarters, where he gave out as twenty-four, and said he was a peddler. Chief Doyle was communicated with, and Detective Bonfield, accompanied by the baggage-master who checked the trunk from Chicago to Pittsburgh, stated at once for New York. This afternoon the baggage-master unhesitatingly picked Jurado out as the man who had brought the trunk to the station. The prisoner refused to make any statement, but willingly agreed to return to Chicago with Detective Bonfield. They start early Friday morning.

Chicago, May 7.—Tonight the police here are confident they have solved the mystery surrounding the death of Philippo Corso, on evidence furnished by a little girl. Five important arrests were made this evening. The suspects are Italians of the lowest class, and none of them can speak a word of English. Three of them are residents where the murdered man was seen a week ago last Thursday. Cami Rito and Como Rito are husband and brother respectively to the woman who has been arrested in New York. The man Jurado, whose arrest is reported from New York, and who apparently followed the trunk and its ghastly contents to Pittsburgh, thence continuing his journey east, is regarded by the police here as being beyond a doubt present at the death of Corso, if, indeed, not the instigator.

### GENERAL GRANT.

He Has Seven Hours' Sleep—He Arranges Notes for Further Dictation for His New Book.

NEW YORK, May 7.—General Grant slept seven hours last night. This morning he awoke at the usual time and took such food as serves for his breakfast. At 10 o'clock he took up pad and pencil and began the arrangement of notes for his next dictation. In the morning Colonel Grant said the stenographer was expected during the day, but that he (the Colonel) would strive to prevent his father from dictation to day, believing he had best rest his throat and devote his time to the arrangement of data.

What Dr. Shrady Says of General Grant's Condition in the Medical Record.

NEW YORK, May 7.—Dr. George W. Shrady, in the Medical Record of May 9, will say of the condition of General Grant: During the past week General Grant's bodily health has much improved, and he has been enabled to enjoy short drives in Central Park, to walk short distances out of doors and to do a considerable amount of literary work in his forth coming memoirs. His appetite is better; he has a relish for his food, and his swallowing is not attended with much pain. Locally, his disease shows a slight tendency to progress. The sloughy exudate has disappeared, exposing a granular fungoid granulation in its place. This condition still involves the right and posterior parts of the pharynx, the right tonsillar region and the right side of the base of the tongue. The palate curtain is still considerably inflamed, although all signs of an acute inflammatory trouble have disappeared. The uvula, on the right side, a small fungoid excrescence has developed, which has shown a disposition to increase. The free margin of the palate curtain, midway between the uvula and right tonsillar region, are similar growths. The ulceration at the base of the right anterior faucial pillar, along side of the tongue, presents a worm-eaten surface, indicating an extension of the destructive process. The breathing is free and the voice is clear, but the movement of the tongue are somewhat restricted, affecting articulation accordingly.

Despite the favorable general condition, there have been, unfortunately, no changes in the local disease to warrant any modification of the original diagnosis by the members of the medical staff.

Dr. Shrady is a consulting physician in the case of General Grant.

## OLD WORLD NEWS.

Gladstone's Weak and Timorous Policy Regarded as a Complete Surrender to Russia.

Mr. Lowell Makes an Eulogistic Speech Over Coleridge and Unveils His Statue at Westminster.

### ENGLAND'S SURRENDER.

Russia to Obtain All the Points She Has Demanded From Gladstone—Threats of Ousting Gladstone.

LONDON, May 7.—The opinion is gaining ground, both here and in Europe, that the Government's arrangement is, in a word, a complete surrender to Russia of all the points she has demanded. Though the more moderate of the Conservatives condemn Lord Randolph Churchill's endeavors to oppose the war credit, the probability of a defeat for the Government is talked of in many quarters. The Morning Post agrees with Lord Churchill about the urgent need of ousting the Ministry, and says: "Eight Independent members might have turned Gladstone's majority of 14 into a minority. After the terrible events of the past week will they be forthcoming?"

The Standard says: "The dignity and power of Russia and England were embodied in General Komaroff and Sir Peter Lumsden, and that M. De Giers will take care that Russian prestige in the person of Komaroff shall not be dimmed while the English Ministry has already decided that of England is to be extinguished. A further misfortune," says the Standard, "is that we are by no means assured that even for the hour necessity of using force has passed away."

The Neue Freie Press, of Vienna, predicts that Italy will become estranged from England by the latter's indecision of policy at her attitude. As unconfirmed rumors are current that the Indian departments have been ordered to cease their war preparations.

It is reported that General Jeleni will go either to St. Petersburg or to London to assist in the delimitation of the frontier.

Gladstone's Apology for Russia's Attack on Penjdeh.

LONDON, May 7.—Mr. Gladstone, replying to questions in the House of Commons this afternoon, said that although on the receipt of the first telegrams he had described the Penjdeh affair as an act of unprovoked aggression, still he had never presumed that the information in his possession when he made that declaration was unquestionable as a matter of fact. Within twenty-four hours afterward news containing important qualifications of that first received had come to hand. Mr. Gladstone had no doubt, he said, that when the Earl of Dufferin, British Viceroy in India at Lahore, after his return from the conference with the Amir at Rawal Pindi, described the Russian attack as an act of unprovoked aggression without any qualification, the Viceroy's statement was warranted by the circumstances under which he spoke and the knowledge in his possession. But Russia had since denied that Colonel Alkhanoff had ordered the Turcomans under his command to make any attack. The report that Colonel Alkhanoff had issued such an order was made to England by Captain Yates and his party, who belonged to Sir Peter Lumsden's Boundary Commission, and who were in Penjdeh during the battle. But it has been ascertained since that neither Captain Yates nor any of his party were aware of any foundation for that report than that of rumors. Continuing, Mr. Gladstone said that Lord Dufferin had arranged with Abdurrahman Khan of Afghanistan on the basis upon which the British Government had so far proceeded in the frontier affair, and if further communications with the Amir should become necessary they would be made.

Being asked if Lord Dufferin, as Viceroy of India, approved of the Government's course in the Afghan dispute, Mr. Gladstone refused to say whether he did or not.

A Full Report of the Penjdeh Affair.

ST. PETERSBURGH, May 7.—Colonel Zakrevski, who was with Colonel Alkhanoff, during the Russian movements preceding and attending the battle of Penjdeh, has reached St. Petersburg with a full report of the Russian case, and has deposited for Gatchina to deliver the report to the Czar. Colonel Zakrevski says that the inhabitants of Penjdeh are well disposed toward the Russians.

The break in the Caspian Sea cable has been repaired. The Russian Government has decided to push the extension of the Russian Railway to the Amoo-Darya or Oxus River as rapidly as possible, with a view to have the construction completed to Merv by the spring of 1886.

The Afghan Boundary Question.

LONDON, May 7.—Lord Edmund Fitzmaurice, Under Foreign Secretary, replying this afternoon in the House of Commons to the Right Hon. Edward Gibson, Conservative member for Dublin University, stated that General Ridgeway, with Captain Yates and others, would remain in charge of the Afghan Boundary Commission now that Sir Peter Lumsden is coming to London. "The instructions sent to Sir Peter Lumsden," Lord Edmund continued, "do not cancel his appointment. He has not been summoned to London to advise the Government about the frontier. The Boundary Commission's report will remain with General Ridgeway, who will carry on the work of the commission on the spot."

Russia Will Not Go to Herat.

LONDON, May 7.—Earl Granville, Foreign Minister, in the House of Lords, this afternoon, replying to a motion by the opposition for a production, by the Government, of the papers in the Russian controversy, used the following language: "I can not believe that if England was going to wage war against Russia, we should wage it at a disadvantage and with every advantage in favor of Russia." Lord Granville denied that the Government's military policy had been a constant failure, and denied also that Russia

would go to Herat. The motion for the production of the papers was then withdrawn.

Russia Wins the Sarah Turcomans. TEBERAN, May 5.—Advices from Sarakhs state that a small force of Russians, with four guns, now occupies Penjdeh. The same advices contain the statement that the Russians have completely won the Sarah Turcomans. The telegraph line is now completed to a point 120 miles beyond Askabad. There is apparent lull in the Russian preparations for war. The Afghan troops along the Balamughan not having received any pay for a long time, are greatly demoralized.

Dufferin's Resignation Reported.

LONDON, May 6.—The Morning Post asserts that Earl Dufferin has resigned as Viceroy of India in consequence of the disastrous effect upon British prestige in India of Mr. Gladstone's weak and timorous policy.

### GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

The Unveiling of the Bust of Coleridge—Mr. Lowell Makes the Speech of the Occasion and Unveils the Statue.

LONDON, May 7.—Previous to the ceremony of the unveiling of the bust of Coleridge a preliminary gathering was held in the Chapter House. Besides Lord Chief Justice Coleridge and Baron Houghton, there were present Lord Aberdare, Canon Farrar, Robert Browning, Professor Black and the whole Coleridge family, including the grandson and grand daughter of the poet. Many members of the House of Commons, noblemen, bishops, deacons and a large number of Americans were also in attendance. Dean Bradley and Mr. Lowell entered the Chapter House arm-in-arm. The Dean made a short speech, in which he said he heartily sympathized with the object of the meeting. He paid a high tribute to Mr. Lowell and said he was eminently fitted to perform the duty of unveiling the statue. The ceremony, he said, would add another link to many that already bound together England and America.

Mr. Lowell replied that he would have preferred that the task of unveiling the bust of Coleridge had been entrusted to worthy hands, but the fact that the trust is a gift of the late Rev. Dr. Mercer, of Rhode Island, supplied that argument of fitness which otherwise would have been lacking. He continued, "The literary traditions and fame of those who shed lustre upon our race remain an undivided inheritance. Coleridge's words are a companion and teacher in the happiest hours of our youth, and in old age recall the radiant images of youth which we have lost. Surely there are no friends so constant as poets. Among them none are more faithful than Coleridge. Just fifty-one years ago I became possessed of a pirated American reprint of Coleridge, Shelley and Keats, and I trust I may be pardoned for the delight I took in it. Coleridge was a metaphysical teacher and interpreter whose service was incalculable."

Mr. Lowell said he admired especially the "Ancient Mariner," more, indeed than Christabel. Mr. Coleridge was a man of artless simplicity, and yet a finished scholar, although not exact. He owed much to the poetry of others, but most to his native genius. He was picturesque in the best sense of the term. Mr. Lowell concluded: "This is neither the time nor place to speak of Mr. Coleridge's conduct to himself, his family or the world. He left behind him a great name. Let those who are blameless cast the first stone at one who might have been better had he possessed those business facilities which make men respectable."

(Cheers.)

Lord Coleridge returned thanks on behalf of the family. The assemblage then went to the Poets' Corner and Mr. Lowell formally unveiled the statue, which bears the simple inscription, "Samuel Taylor Coleridge."

Death of Informer Smith—Baron Fitzgerald to be Ireland's Lord Chancellor.

LONDON, May 7.—Joseph Smith, the informer, who testified against the men who were hanged for the assassination of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Under Secretary Burke, in Phoenix Park, Dublin, and who had ever since the execution been an exile from Ireland, and supposed to be living incognito somewhere in India, has just died in London. He had for a long time been a hopeless drunkard, and his death was caused by intemperance.

Baron Fitzgerald (John Ovid Fitzgerald, P.C.) the Globe understands, will be appointed Lord Chancellor of Ireland. The opinion has prevailed that this appointment would fall to Mr. John Walsh, the present Irish Attorney General. Baron Fitzgerald is a Liberal, has been Solicitor General and Attorney General for Ireland and Justice of the Queen's bench. He is seventy years of age, and was appointed a Lord of Appeal in Ordinary in 1882, with peerage for life.

### THE TIMES ON THE TORIES.

LONDON, May 7.—The Times, commenting on the attitude of the Conservatives toward the Government respecting the Afghan question, characterizes the conduct of the Tory leaders as unwise. It says that Lord Randolph Churchill was not justified in proposing to refuse supplies to the Government. The approaching election will give the Conservatives ample opportunity to arraign the Government at the bar of public opinion. The Times argues, and the Conservative party will be much stronger if it abstains from crude and extravagant proposals. "The Government have mismanaged the Afghan business," the article concludes, "but that is no reason for Lord Randolph Churchill's giving advice which shows that the opposition is incapable of doing better."

### Lady Lonsdale's Marriage.

LONDON, May 7.—Lady Lonsdale was married to-day to Earl de Grey at St. Martin's Church, Charing Cross. The bride wore a plain dress of a brown homespun material, and a jacket and hat of a bronze color, which matched each other splendidly. There was no bridesmaid. Lord Ripon, father of the bridegroom, and the Earl of Pembroke and a few select friends of the bride and groom, were the only persons present to witness the ceremony.

### A Large Credit.

PARIS, May 7.—The Chamber of Deputies to-day adopted, 398 to 57, the treaty concluded August 21, 1883, between France and Annam. M. De Freycinet, Minister of Foreign Affairs, explained that the treaty had

been virtually in force during the past eighteen months. A credit of \$1,200,000 was adopted by the Chamber to defray the expense of laying a submarine cable to Tonquin.

### Notice of Inquiry.

LONDON, May 7.—Thomas Sexton, Home Rule member of Parliament from the County of Sligo, Ireland, has placed on the notice paper of the House of Commons, a question whether the English Government has interfered with the appointment of Mr. Kelly, United States Minister to Austria.

### Suez Canal Convention.

PARIS, May 7.—The subject of the proposed international control of the Suez Canal is being discussed to-day by the International Suez Canal Convention. The German, Austrian and Russian delegates favor international control, and the English and Italian delegates oppose it.

### Wolsley Reviews the Troops.

SEALED, May 7.—General Wolsley reviewed the troops to-day, and praised the Australian artillery and the Sikhs (Indian) regiment. He promised to present a sword to a native officer for gallant conduct.

### Young Lord Randolph Churchill.

LONDON, May 7.—Lord Randolph Churchill, if possible, by friends, is to have voted the freedom of the city to young Lord Randolph, in recognition of his services to the British Empire in India.

### English Imports and Exports.

LONDON, May 7.—Imports for April, compared with last year, increased \$3,500,000. Exports, same time, decreased \$2,500,000.

### The Socialists on the Quarry Strikers.

CHICAGO, May 7.—The Socialists had a meeting last night to express sympathy with the quarry strikers at Lemont. August Spies said three years ago there was a similar strike. The men were then getting from \$2 to \$3 a day. The bosses then won the fight and the wages were reduced. The Irish and German workmen were frozen out, and supplanted by pauper Polish and Bohemian labor. The present strike is the uprising of this pauper labor itself, which it was easy to predict would happen.

Governor Oglesby, the militia, and everybody else who took part in quelling the riot, were abused, and all sorts of threats were made.

A. R. Parsons introduced resolutions denouncing the killing of two of the strikers.

### The War in the Northwest.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 7.—A dispatch from Fort Creek, N. W. T., via Humboldt, says: A reconnoitering party of seventy men from Bolton's cavalry went forward to Dumont's Crossing yesterday, and returned at 3:30 p. m. They proceeded a mile past Dumont's, and within three miles of Battoche. About a mile this side of Dumont they started half a dozen rebels, evidently outposts, who were in a house, but who galloped away without firing a shot. All the half-breed houses were found deserted and valuable removed. The weather is hot. Dumont's scouts have been found. A steamer from Swift Current arrived this morning, and brought 120 of the Midland battalion, a Gatling gun, and a large quantity of ammunition and provisions.

### Seriously Hurt by the Train.

SPECIAL TO THE SENTINEL.  
COLUMBIAS, Ind., May 7.—Martin Wentworth, a farmer, residing near here, was run over by a coach and the tender of an engine here this morning. He stepped on the track at 8:30 a. m. They proceeded a mile past Dumont's, and within three miles of Battoche. About a mile this side of Dumont they started half a dozen rebels, evidently outposts, who were in a house, but who galloped away without firing a shot. All the half-breed houses were found deserted and valuable removed. The weather is hot. Dumont's scouts have been found. A steamer from Swift Current arrived this morning, and brought 120 of the Midland battalion, a Gatling gun, and a large quantity of ammunition and provisions.

He was knocked down, falling between the rails. He was rolled some distance by the brake-beams and ash-pan of the engine before the train was stopped. When taken out it was found that two or three ribs on the right side were broken and he had received severe cuts and bruises. He will get well, his physician thinks. He is a steady, hard-working man.

### Miners Again Strike.

MOUNT CARBON, Pa., May 7.—The miners in the large colliery at Green Ridge, operated by the Union Company, which recently resumed work after a fourteen weeks' suspension, are on a strike to-day against a reduction in wages. At the present rate the miners are compelled to work for a dollar a day. Five hundred hands are idle. Both operators and miners are firm.

### Verdict Against a Professor.

NEW YORK, May 7.—The jury in the case against Professor Hjalmar Hjorth Boyesen, charged with having slapped the child of David W. Tovey, at West Hampton, L. I., in 1883, and thereby caused the boy's death, has brought in a verdict for \$400 against the Professor.

### CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Mapleson and his theatrical troupe took their departure yesterday for Europe.

Professor Rasmus B. Anderson, the new Minister to Denmark, sailed for Europe yesterday.

In the joint convention of the Illinois Legislature one scattering ballot was taken for United States Senator.

The federation of window glass-makers of the world will meet in annual convention in Pittsburgh, Monday, July 3.

Patrick Harbnet, of Cincinnati, recently convicted of murdering his wife, was yesterday sentenced to be hanged September 1.

Mr. A. M. Kelly, the newly appointed United States Minister to Austria, accompanied by his family, sailed for Europe on the steamship Wyeland, of the Hamburg-American Packet Line, yesterday.

Richard Short, indicted for the murderous assault upon Captain Phelan in O'Donovan Rossa's office, was acquitted yesterday. The Judge frowned in indignation and amazement at the verdict and said: "Gentlemen, I am astonished at your verdict. You are discharged from all further service in this panel."

### INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, May 8.  
For the Ohio Valley and Tennessee—Generally fair weather, northwesterly winds, slightly cooler, except in extreme northwest portion, stationary temperature, higher barometer.

For the Upper Lake Region—Clearing and fair weather, southwest to northwesterly winds, stationary temperature.